

Results for the 1st Half of the Fiscal Year Ending March 31, 2025

- 1. The consolidated financial results for the 1st half of FY2025 are composed of the results of Ferrotec Holdings in the period from April to the end of September 2024 and the results of consolidated subsidiaries and equity-method affiliates in the period from January to the end of June 2024.
- 2. This presentation was prepared for the purpose of providing information regarding the company's results of operations for the 1st half of the fiscal year ending March 31, 2024 and is not a solicitation to purchase securities issued by the company. Please ensure that the decision on whether to make an investment in our company is made at your own risk.
- 3. These materials were prepared based on information available as of date of the disclosure. All opinions, forecasts and other forward-looking statements are based on management's judgments in accordance with materials available at that time and may be changed without prior notice.

Executive Summary



Business results

- The consolidated net sales in Q2 were 135.2 billion yen, up 28% year on year, and operating income
 was 14.3 billion yen, up 9.3% year on year.
- The semiconductor market has been on a recovery trend. We actively conducted marketing, met demand from clients, and increased sales continuously.
- We strengthened automation, product development and market cultivation, and promoted the growth
 of the sensor business.

Semiconductor -related

- Our factory in Kulim, Malaysia started operation to process metal, manufacture quartz and ceramics, and assemble devices. We met the needs of U.S. clients and others for production outside China (Ex-China), and certification by clients has progressed steadily. The Ishikawa Factory No. 3 is scheduled to start operation in 2025.
- A new factory for ceramics in Changshan, China started operation. The development of new products, such as ESC and SiSiC, progressed.

Electronic and Automotive related

- The market of power semiconductor substrates is stagnant, but is expected to keep growing in the medium/long term. The Johor Factory is scheduled to start operation in 2025.
- Thermo-electric modules sold well, thanks to the sales of products for generative Al. We plan to manufacture them in Johor, Malaysia.
- We strengthened marketing activities for sensors, and promoted a growth strategy such as enhanced automation.

Shareholder returns

- FTSVA, which operates the equipment parts cleaning business and is listed on a Chinese stock
 market, plans to acquire FLH, which manufactures power semiconductors, through the exchange of
 shares. The market capitalization of shares held by our company are expected to increase. We will
 discuss diverse options for fund procurement and methods for utilizing funds.
- We will enhance and diversify shareholder returns by raising the interim dividend amount and conducting share buyback.

Sales by Product



(Million yen)	Q2 FY3/24	Q2 FY3/25	YoY (%)
Semiconductor and other equipment-related	60,257	84,042	
Vacuum feedthroughs	11,730	19,347	64.9
Quartz	11,584	16,134	39.3
Silicon parts	7,712	7,172	-7. C
Ceramics	11,657	15,448	32.5
CVD-SiC	2,999	3,992	33.1
EB-Gun, LED	3,011	4,076	35.4
Wafer processing (out of scope of consolidation)	43	11	-74.4
Waferrecycling	752	1,251	66.4
Equipment parts cleaning	5,424	7,061	30.2
Quartz crucibles	5,341	9,547	78.7
Electronic device	18,834	23,085	22.6
Thermo-electric modules	8,844	12,431	40.6
Power semiconductor substrates	7,245	8,692	20.0
Ferrofluid, others	398	575	44.5
Sensor	2,344	1,387	-40.8
Automotive related	14,006	14,304	2.1
Thermo-electric modules	1,795	3,108	73.1
Power semiconductor substrates	8,857	9,628	8.7
Sensor	3,352	1,567	-53.3
Others	12,396	13,723	10.7
Total	105,494	135,157	28.1

Factories in Each Country



- We have established bases in Changshan, China for processing metal and manufacturing quartz, thermo-electric modules, ceramics, and SiPs, and proceeded with automation and streamlining.
- Our factory in Kulim, Malaysia started operation to process metal, manufacture quartz and ceramics, and assemble
 devices. Certification by clients has progressed, and we met the needs of U.S. clients and others for production
 outside China. The plans for manufacturing power semiconductor substrates, thermo-electric modules, and SiPs in
 Johor have progressed.



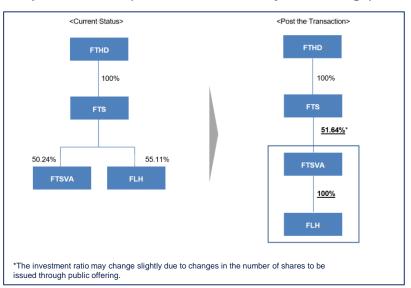


FTSVA's Plan to Acquire FLH as a Subsidiary

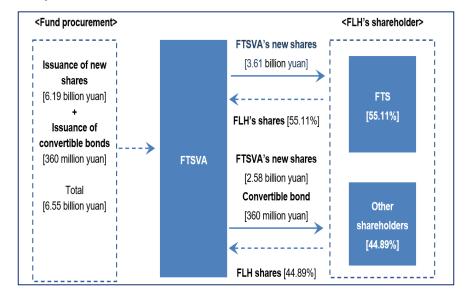


FTSVA plans to acquire FLH as a subsidiary through the exchange of shares (purchasing the shares of FLH and
issuing the shares and convertible bonds of FTSVA to the shareholders of FLH), and also increase capital through
public offering.

Capital structure (underlined areas subject to change)



Acquisition structure



[Legend]

FTHD: Ferrotec Holdings (our company), FTS: Shanghai Shenhe Investment Co., Ltd., a company for managing Chinese subsidiaries FTSVA: Ferrotec (Anhui) Technology Development Co., Ltd., a subsidiary for the equipment parts cleaning business, listed on ChiNext FLH: Jiangsu Ferrotec Semiconductor Technology Co., Ltd., a subsidiary for manufacturing power semiconductor substrates

Enhancement of Shareholder Returns (Dividend Increase and Share Buyback) Force

- We have announced the two measures for shareholder returns: (1) acquisition of treasury stocks, and (2) increase of the annual dividend amount.
- The revised policy for shareholder returns is "to put importance on the increase of shareholder returns, flexibly
 purchase treasury stocks while aiming to increase the dividend amount through continuous revenue growth, and
 return profit for achieving a total payout ratio of 30%."

Acquisition of treasury stocks

Upper limit: 500 million yen

*Up to 0.42% of the number of outstanding shares

Period: Nov. 15, 2024 to Mar. 31, 2025

Dividend increase (FY3/25)

Annual dividend: 100 yen



Annual dividend: 110 yen

Consolidated Financial Summary



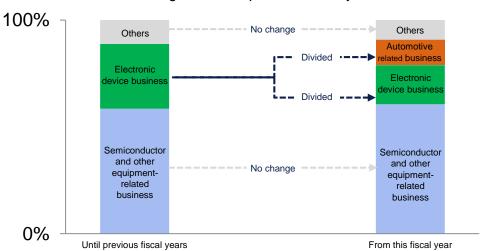
(Million yen)	FY3/24 Q2	FY3/25 Q2	Yo	ρY	Net sales: Up 28.1% year on year
(illillon yen)	Amount	Amount	Amount	Pct. change (%)	Gross profit: Up 11.1% year on year
Net sales	105,494	135,157	29,662	28.1	 The decrease in gross profit margin is due to the augmentation of depreciation in new factories, etc., the decline in
Cost of sales	71,182	97,046	25,863	36.3	profitability of quartz crucibles caused by the downturn of the PV market, etc.
Gross profit	34,311	38,111	3,799	11.1	
SG&A expenses	21,276	23,859	2,583	12.1	SG&A: Up 12.1% year on year, due to the augmentation of costs
Operating income	13,035	14,251	1,216	9.3	for testing, research, labor, etc. Operating income: Up 9.3% year on year
Non-operating income	4,621	5,324	702	15.2	Non-operating income: Up 15.2% year on year, due to an exchange gain of 980 million yen, a revenue from subsidies of
Non-operating expenses	2,438	4,105	1,666	68.4	1.56 billion yen, etc.
Ordinary income	15,217	15,470	252	1.7	Non-operating expenses: Up 68.4% year on year, as equity in losses of wafer-affiliates, etc. increased 1.23 billion yen.
					Ordinary income: Up 1.7% year on year
Extraordinary income	24	5	-19	-79.2	Net income (loss) attributable to non-controlling interests: 2.23 billion yen
Extraordinary loss	495	-	-495	-	•1.1 billion yen from power semiconductor substrates
Net income (loss) attributable to non-	2,923	2,228	-695	-23.8	•630 million yen from silicon parts and crucibles
controlling interests	,	,			•540 million yen from equipment parts cleaning
Net income attributable to owners of parent	8,390	9,190	799	9.5	Negative 250 million yen from wafer recycling
Capital investment*	33,423	22,882	-10,540	-31.5	Net income: Up 9.5% year on year
Depreciation	7,913	11,241	3,328	42.1	
Exchange rate (average during the period)	US\$: 136.54 yen RMB: 19.55 yen	US\$: 154.06 yen RMB: 21.25 yen	-	-	

^{*}Capital investment = Total acquisition cost of property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets



- As the Automotive related business segment has been added this fiscal year, we have retroactively revised the figures in some segments in the previous fiscal year.
- According to the purposes of use of products, the figures of the previous electronic device business segment have been divided into figures in the electronic device business segment and those in the Automotive related business segment.

Change in sales composition through the retroactive adjustment of figures in the previous fiscal year



[Details]

- This fiscal year, the Automotive related business segment has been added.
- •The Automotive related business segment includes the sales of "thermo-electric modules," "power semiconductor substrates," and "sensors" for in-vehicle systems, which had been included in the previous electronic device business segment.
- •This fiscal year, the previous electronic device business segment has been divided into the electronic device business segment and the Automotive related business segment. Accordingly, we retroactively revised the figures in the previous fiscal year, to unify standards for comparison.
- •Due to the revision, the figures of the electronic device business in the previous fiscal year have changed significantly.
- *Retroactive adjustment was conducted for the previous fiscal year, and not for FY3/23 or previous fiscal years.

Sales and Operating Income by Segment



Net sales	FY3/24 C	2	FY3/25 Q2	2	YoY		
(¥ in millions)	Amount	Pct. of sales (%)	Amount	Pct. of sales (%)	Difference	Pct. change (%)	
Semiconductor and other equipment-related	60,257	57.1	84,042	62.2	23,785	39.5	
Electronic device	18,834	17.9	23,085	17.1	4,251	22.6	
Automotive related	14,006	13.3	14,304	10.6	298	2.1	
Others	12,396	11.8	13,723	10.2	1,327	10.7	
Total	105,494	100.0	135,157	100.0	29,662	28.1	

Operating income	FY3/24 C	2	FY3/25 Q	YoY		
(¥ in millions)	Amount Profit Amount		Profit margin (%)	Difference	Pct. change (%)	
Semiconductor and other equipment-related	7,788	12.9	8,363	10.0	574	7.4
Electronic device	3,335	17.7	3,992	17.3	656	19.7
Automotive related	2,745	19.6	1,323	9.2	-1,421	-51.8
Others	-179	-	793	5.8	972	-
Adjustment	-654	-	-220	-	434	-
Total	13,035	12.4	14,251	10.5	1,216	9.3

Segment Information: Semiconductor and Other Equipment-related

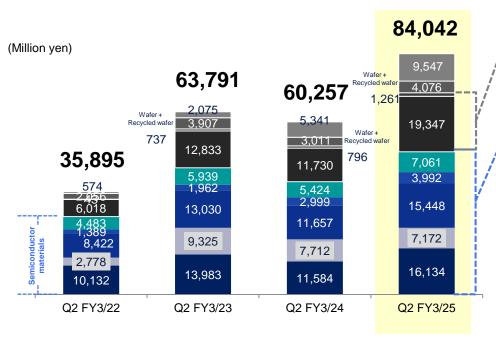


Transition of sales

- Quartz
- Ceramics
- Equipment parts cleaning
- Wafer processing and recycling
- Quartz crucibles



- Vacuum feedthroughs and metal processing
- EB-aun



Overview of this segment

 As the semiconductor market is recovering, semiconductor and other equipment-related sales increased. In particular, the sales from metal processing grew considerably. The market of quartz crucibles for PV is forecast to decline.

Vacuum feedthroughs & metal processing and wafer processing & recycling

 The sales of vacuum feedthroughs & metal processing grew considerably by 6.8 billion yen, or up 80%, year on year.

The number of orders from manufacturing equipment manufacturers rose rapidly.

Semiconductor materials, Cleaning business

[Semiconductor materials (quartz, silicon parts, ceramics, and CVD-SiC)] Quartz: Up 39% year on year, thanks to the recovery of performance of machined products

-Silicon parts: Down 7% year on year, due to the effects of clients' inventory, etc.

 Ceramics: Up 33% year on year, due to the recovery of the number of orders from device makers and the start of operation of a new factory in Changshan

•CVD-SiC: Up 33% year on year, thanks to the improvement of the Okayama Factory

[Cleaning]

Up 30% year on year, thanks to the recovery of manufacturing of semiconductors

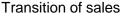
[Quartz crucibles]

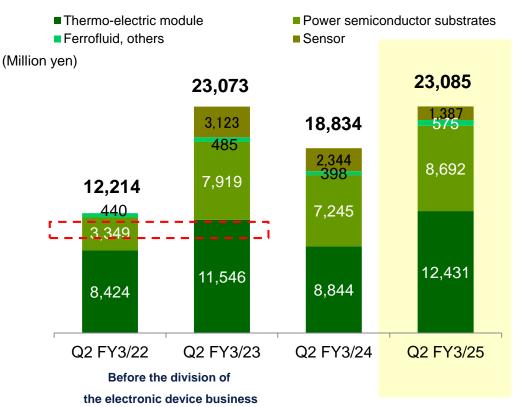
Up 79% year on year.

In the first half of the fiscal year, the sales to PV makers increased, but profitability declined. In the second half of the fiscal year, performance is projected to decrease.

Segment Information: Electronic Device







Overview of this segment

- The sales of thermo-electric modules increased. The sales of power semiconductors grew year on year.
- The sales of sensors decreased, as the accounting period of Ohizumi Mfg. changed and the first half of FY3/24 was only 3 months from April to June.

By product

[Thermo-electric modules]

 Up 41% year on year, due to the growth of demand related to generative AI

[Power semiconductor substrates]

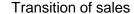
Sales grew year on year in the first half of FY3/25, but are forecast
to decrease year on year in the second half of FY3/25, due to
clients' inventory, etc. They are stagnant.
 In the medium/long term, demand from clients is expected to grow.

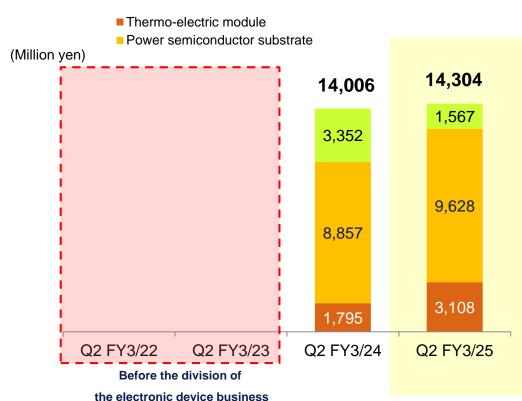
[Sensors]

 Due to the change in the accounting period, the results in the first half of FY3/25 are the results in only 3 months.
 Through enhanced marketing activities, growth is expected.

Segment Information: Automotive Related Business







Overview of this segment

 The sales of sensors declined due to the change in the accounting period, but the sales of power semiconductor substrates and thermo-electric modules increased. The sales of this segment are almost unchanged year on year.

By product

[Thermo-electric modules]

 Up 73% year on year, as we met the demand for products for Chinese automobiles.

[Power semiconductor substrates]

 Up 9% year on year, due to the increase of sales of AMB substrates for automobiles

[Sensors]

 Decreased, due to the change in the accounting period of Ohizumi Mfg.

Consolidated Balance Sheet -Assets-



		(Million yen)	FY3/24 Year-end	FY3/25 End-Sep.	Difference
Cur	Current assets		248,408	289,842	41,434
	Cas	h & deposits	117,254	120,196	2,941
	Note	e & accounts receivable	61,940	89,046	27,105
	Inve	ntories	56,909	68,459	11,549
Fixe	ed as	sets	261,618	302,947	41,329
	Tar	ngible fixed assets	201,339	239,137	37,797
		Buildings and structures (net)	66,583	91,954	25,371
		Equipment and machinery (net)	59,533	81,701	22,167
		Tools, furniture, and fixture (net)	7,468	8,757	1,289
		Land	4,660	4,672	12
		Leased assets (net)	12,018	14,796	2,777
		Construction in progress	51,075	37,254	-13,820
	Intangible fixed assets		6,611	7,016	404
	Goodwill		2,010	1,954	-56
	Inve	estments & other assets	53,666	56,794	3,127
		Total assets	510,026	592,790	82,763

[Major factors for increase in current assets]

- •Cash and deposits: Up 2.9 billion yen (due to the increase in cash and deposits in companies whose IPO was completed or is planned)
- •An increase in trade receivables and inventories resulted from an increase of sales.

[Major factors for increase in tangible fixed assets]

•Tangible fixed assets increased by 37.8 billion yen due to the investment in Malaysia, etc.

(FTMM in Malaysia: up 7.1 billion yen, FLHM in Malaysia: up 5.1 billion yen, sensor in Lishui: up 2.7 billion yen, ceramics in Changshan: up 2.7 billion yen, FTMT in Japan: up 2.7 billion yen, etc.)

[Major factors for increase in investments and other assets]

•Increase of shares of affiliates, investment securities, etc.

Consolidated Balance Sheet -Liabilities and Net Assets-



	(Million yen)	FY3/24 Year-end	FY3/25 End-Sep.	Difference
Cur	rent assets	122,148	142,651	20,502
	Notes and accounts payable	42,302	53,730	11,428
	Short-term debt	26,454	32,626	6,172
	Current portion of long-term borrowings + bonds	21,022	17,902	-3,119
Fixe	ed assets	109,712	125,558	15,846
	Bonds	320	-	-320
	Convertible bond-type bonds with share acquisition rights	25,000	25,000	-
	Long-term debt	62,364	76,462	14,098
Tota	al liabilities	231,860	268,209	36,349
Net	assets	278,166	324,580	46,414
	Shareholder's equity	177,638	184,712	7,074
	Total accumulated other comprehensive income	26,771	53,190	26,419
	Non-controlling interests	73,756	86,677	12,920
	Total liabilities & net assets	510,026	592,790	82,763
	Equity ratio	40.1%	40.1%	0pt
	Exchange rate (year-end rate)	US\$: 141.83 yen RMB: 19.93 yen	US\$: 161.07 yen RMB: 22.04 yen	-

[Major factors for changes in current and fixed liabilities]

Short-term debt + Current portion of long-term borrowings + bonds: +3.0 billion yen

Long-term debt: +13.8 billion yen

Total interest-bearing debt: +16.8 billion yen

[Major factors for changes in net assets]

Shareholders' equity: Up 7 billion yen

Total accumulated other comprehensive income: Up 26.4 billion yen

(Foreign currency translation adjustment: Up 27.2 billion yen)

Non-controlling interests: Up 12.9 billion yen (Power semiconductors: up 3.9 billion yen, silicon parts and crucibles: up 2.3 billion yen, and equipment parts cleaning: up 1.8 billion yen)

[Equity ratio]

Equity ratio: 40.1%, ratio of net assets: 54.8%

Consolidated Cash Flow



(Million yen)	Q2 FY3/24	Q2 FY3/25
Cash flow from operating activities	6,789	4,151
Income before income tax	14,747	15,475
Depreciation	7,913	11,241
Foreign exchange loss (-: gain)	-609	-417
Changes in notes & accounts receivable (-: increase)	-830	-17,544
Changes in inventories (-: increase)	-5,271	-5,963
Changes in notes and accounts payable-trade (-: decrease)	-7,532	4,400
Loss on changes in equity (-: gain)	1,324	2,560
Others	-2,952	-5,601
Cash flow from investing activities	-29,101	-17,736
Payments for purchase of tangible fixed assets	-33,235	-22,781
Payments for purchase of intangible fixed assets	-187	-101
Payments for purchase of investment securities	-2,000	-1,107
Others	6,322	6,253
Cash flow from financing activities	41,659	12,169
Changes in short-term debt	2,177	4,192
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	28,322	20,031
Payments of long-term borrowings	-7,328	-8,888
Payment for redemption of bonds	-3,724	-3,423
Proceeds from issuance of convertible bond-type bonds with share acquisition rights	24,898	-
Proceeds from share issuance to non-controlling shareholders	-	2,997
Others	-2,685	-2,740
Changes in cash and cash equivalents	23,761	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	95,905	96,806
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	119,666	104,368

[Operating cash flow]

Depreciation: 11.2 billion yen, up 3.3 billion yen year on year

Change in working capital: -19.1 billion yen

[Investing cash flow]

Purchase of tangible fixed assets: -22.8 billion yen

Others: Up 6.3 billion yen (increase of time deposits: up 6.3 billion yen)

[Financial cash flow]

Proceeds from long-term borrowings: 20 billion yen; borrowed by FTHD and other companies.

Proceeds from share issuance to non-controlling shareholders: up 3 billion yen, sensor in Lishui: up 3 billion yen











FY3/25 Full-year Business Forecasts

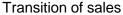


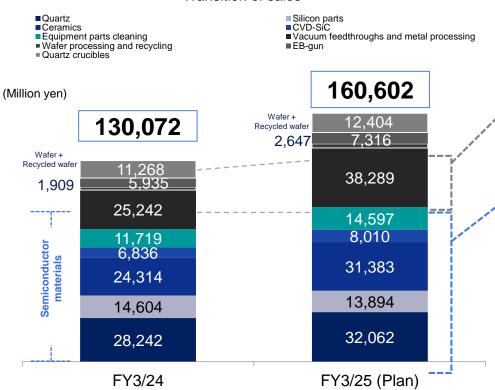
• We have revised the forecast sales upwardly, in response to the growth of sales in the semiconductor and other equipment-related business and the rise in sales of power semiconductor substrates thanks to the recovery trend of the semiconductor market. We have left the forecast profit unchanged, considering the decline in profitability of quartz crucibles for solar panels, etc., the augmentation of costs for establishing new factories, the intensification of competition in the market of power semiconductor substrates and other factors.

(Million von)	FY3/24	FY	73/25	Initial forecast vs.	YoY
(Million yen)	Result	Initial forecast	Revised forecast	revised forecast	101
Net sales	222,430	235,000	265,000	12.8%	19.1%
Operating income	24,872	26,000	26,000	0.0%	4.5%
Ordinary income	26,537	26,000	26,000	0.0%	-2.0%
Net income attributable to owners of parent	15,154	16,000	16,000	0.0%	5.6%
Depreciation and amortization	16,398	20,000	24,000	20.0%	46.4%
EBITDA	41,270	46,000	50,000	8.7%	21.2%
Investment amount*	75,227	60,000	60,000	0.0%	-20.2%
Assumed exchange rate (average for the period)	US\$: 141.20 yen RMB: 19.87 yen	US\$: 150 yen RMB: 21 yen	US\$: 152 yen RMB: 21 yen	-	-

Segment Information: Semiconductor and Other Equipment-related







Overview of this segment

- The semiconductor market is on a recovery trend. We will actively meet demand, and sales will grow.
- In particular, the sales from metal processing will increase. The sales of semiconductor materials vary among products.
- · The sales of quartz crucibles for PV will drop significantly.

Vacuum feedthroughs/Metal processing

 Up 60% year on year, thanks to the healthy demand from semiconductor manufacturing equipment manufacturers, the favorable performance of the Changshan Factory, and the establishment of a factory in Malaysia with no trouble

Semiconductor materials/Cleaning business

[Semiconductor materials (quartz, silicon parts, ceramics, and CVD-SiC)]

- Quartz: Up 14% year on year expected, through the satisfaction of demand for pyro-processing
- Silicon parts: A y/y decrease due to the remaining inventory in client companies
- Ceramics: Up 29% year on year, thanks to the recovery of demand from equipment manufacturers and promotion of new products
- CVD-SiC: Up 17% year on year, due to the expansion of the production capacity of the Okayama Factory

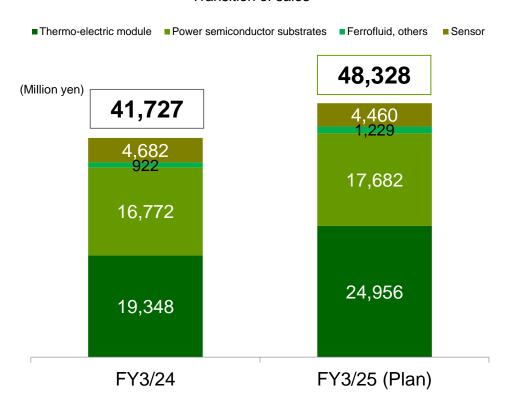
[Quartz crucible/equipment parts cleaning business]

- Quartz crucibles: A rapid decrease of demand for products for PV from the second half of the fiscal year. A 10% y/y growth of sales, but a decline in profitability
- Equipment parts cleaning: Up 25% year on year from the recovery of semiconductor manufacturing

Segment Information: Electronic Device



Transition of sales



Overview of this segment

The growth of sales of thermo-electric modules will make a
contribution. The sales of power semiconductor substrates grew
rapidly in the second half of FY3/24, and then became stagnant
and will decline. The sales of sensors will decrease due to the
change in the accounting period.

By product

[Thermo-electric modules]

 Up 27% year on year, due to the growth of demand related to generative AI

[Power semiconductor substrates]

 Sales will reach a plateau after the rapid growth in the second half of FY3/24, and it is forecast that sales will decline year on year in FY3/25, but demand from clients will grow in the medium term.

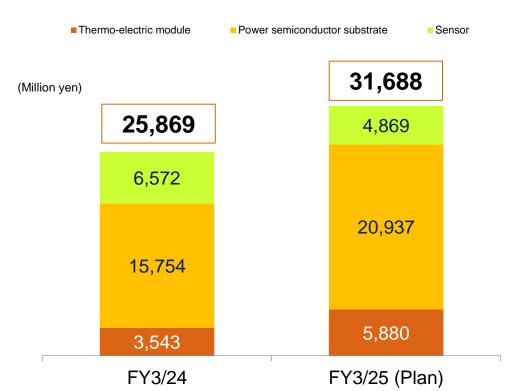
[Sensors]

 Due to the change in the accounting period, sales are projected to decrease, and we will enhance marketing activities.

Segment Information: Automotive Related Business







Overview of this segment

 The sales of thermo-electric modules for automobiles and power semiconductor substrates are projected to grow, while the sales of sensors are forecast to decline due to the change in the accounting period.

By product

[Thermo-electric modules]

 A significant y/y increase, thanks to the satisfaction of demand for products for automobiles

[Power semiconductor substrates]

 A y/y increase, thanks to the increase of sales of AMB substrates for automobiles

[Sensors]

 Due to the change in the accounting period, FY3/25 is only 9 months from April to December, so sales are projected to decline year on year.

For Reference: FY3/25 1st Half Result and 2nd Half Estimate by Account

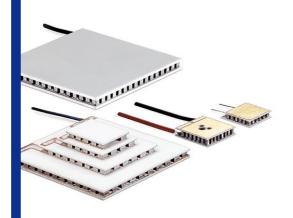


(88)	Result of FY3/2	5 1 st half	Estimate of FY3/25 2 nd half				
(Million yen)	Amount	Pct. of sales (%)	Amount	Pct. of sales (%)	Difference	Pct. change (%)	
Net sales	135,157	100.0	129,847	100.0	-5,310	-3.9	
Gross profit	38,111	28.2	34,794	26.8	-3,317	-8.7	
SG&A expenses	23,859	17.7	23,046	17.7	-813	-3.4	
Operating income	14,251	10.5	11,749	9.0	-2,502	-17.6	
Ordinary income	15,470	11.4	10,530	8.1	4,940	-31.9	
Net income	9,190	6.8	6,810	5.2	-2,380	-25.9	

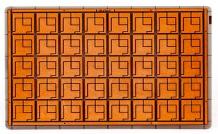
For Reference: Results of FY3/25 1st Half and FY3/25 2nd Half Estimate by Product



/B.5.111	FY3	3/24 result			FY3/2	25 result ar	nd estimat	е	
(Million yen)	Full-year	1st half	2 nd half	Full-year (estimate)	YoY	1 st half (result)	YoY	2 nd half (estimate)	YoY
Semiconductor and other equipment-related	130,072	60,257	69,815	160,602	23.5%	84,042	39.5%	76,559	9.7%
Vacuum feedthroughs	25,242	11,730	13,512	38,289	51.7%	19,347	64.9%	18,942	40.2%
Quartz	28,242	11,584	16,658	32,062	13.5%	16,134	39.3%	15,928	-4.4%
Silicon parts	14,604	7,712	6,892	13,894	-4.9%	7,172	-7.0%	6,722	-2.5%
Ceramics	24,314	11,657	12,657	31,383	29.1%	15,448	32.5%	15,935	25.9%
CVD-SiC	6,836	2,999	3,837	8,010	17.2%	3,992	33.1%	4,018	4.7%
EB-Gun, LED	5,935	3,011	2,924	7,316	23.3%	4,076	35.4%	3,240	10.8%
Wafer processing (out of scope of consolidation)	129	43	86	11	-91.5%	11	-74.4%	0	-%
Wafer recycling	1,780	753	1,027	2,636	48.1%	1,250	66.0%	1,386	35.0%
Equipment parts cleaning	11,719	5,424	6,295	14,597	24.6%	7,061	30.2%	7,536	19.7%
Quartz crucibles	11,268	5,341	5,927	12,404	10.1%	9,547	78.7%	2,857	-51.8%
Electronic device	41,727	18,834	22,894	48,328	15.8%	23,085	22.6%	25,242	10.3%
Thermo-electric modules	19,348	8,844	10,504	24,956	29.0%	12,431	40.6%	12,525	19.2%
Power semiconductor substrates	16,772	7,245	9,528	17,682	5.4%	8,692	20.0%	8,990	-5.6%
Ferrofluid, others	922	398	524	1,229	33.3%	575	44.5%	654	24.8%
Sensor	4,682	2,344	2,338	4,460	-4.7%	1,387	-40.8%	3,073	31.4%
Automotive related	25,869	14,006	11,865	31,688	22.5%	14,304	2.1%	17,383	46.5%
Thermo-electric modules	3,543	1,795	1,748	5,880	66.0%	3,108	73.1%	2,772	58.6%
Power semiconductor substrates	15,754	8,857	6,897	20,937	32.9%	9,628	8.7%	11,309	64.0%
Sensor	6,572	3,352	3,220	4,869	-25.9%	1,567	-53.3%	3,302	2.5%
Others	24,757	12,396	12,361	24,381	-1.5%	13,723	10.7%	10,658	-13.8%
Total	222,430	105,494	116,936	265,000	19.1%	135,157	28.1%	129,842	11.0%















Initiatives for Realizing Business Administration Conscious of Capital Cost and Share Price, and Strengthening of Shareholder Returns





Initiatives for Realizing Business Administration Conscious of Capital Cost and Share Price



- The ratio of capital cost of our company calculated at the end of July 2024 was 8.62%. The ROE as of the end of the previous fiscal year fell below it, and PBR is less than 1.
- By achieving ROE of 15% as a medium-term goal early, we aim to realize corporate value exceeding capital cost.

Variation in ROIC (in the past 10 fiscal years; unit: %)



1000 = 1 Total attributable to owners of parents (interest bearing nationals + Equity capital)

Note: EVA means Economic Value Added. If EVA spread (ROIC WACC) is more than 0, it can be said that a company provides EVA

*Since these figures were taken from the material announced in July 2024, figures are those as of the announcement.

Weighted average cost of capital (WACC)

Ratio of shareholders' equity		Cost of shareholders' equity		Leverage ratio		Cost of liabilities (after taxes)		WACC
Ratio of shareholders' equity to total assets				Ratio of interest-bearing liabilities to total assets		Borrowing rate × (1 - Effective tax rate)		
The median of 15 similar listed companies adopted 93.6%	×	8.62% (FY3/24)	+	The median of 15 similar listed companies adopted 6.40%	×	Post-tax yield of 8-year corporate bond rated by JCR as BBB adopted 1.069%	=	7.98% (FY3/24)

Policy for evaluating and improving the current situation

Evaluation of the current situation

- In FY3/24, the value was 4.5%, much lower than WACC (7.8% in FY3/24). Namely, EVA spread* is negative.
- In the past 10 fiscal years, it exceeded WACC only in two fiscal years (FY3/22 and FY3/23). Accordingly, it is considered imperative to improve ROIC.

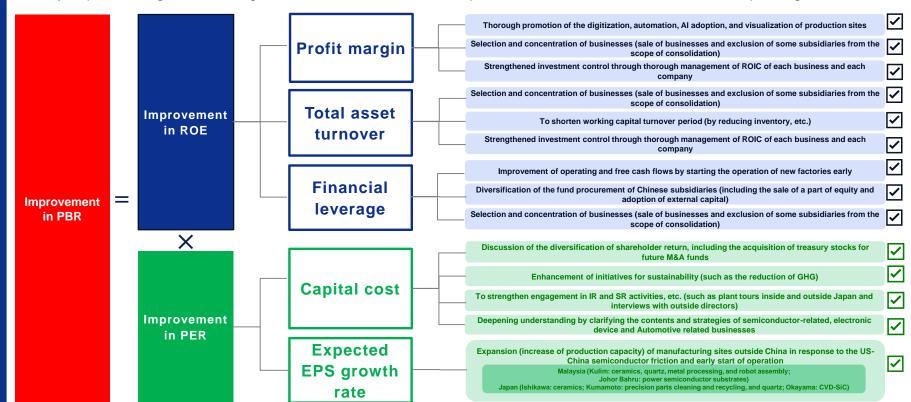


- •To thoroughly manage ROIC in each business and each subsidiary and further strengthen investment judgment and control according to ROIC
- •To improve ROIC by reviewing the business portfolio, engaging in selection and concentration of businesses, and restructuring the organization of our corporate group (sale of businesses or a portion of equity, exclusion of some subsidiaries from the scope of consolidation, and so on)
- By implementing the above measures, we will improve ROIC while conducting investment for business growth. We aim to achieve an ROIC of 8.0% in FY3/27 (KPIs set in the Mid-Term Management Plan).

Initiatives for Improving PBR



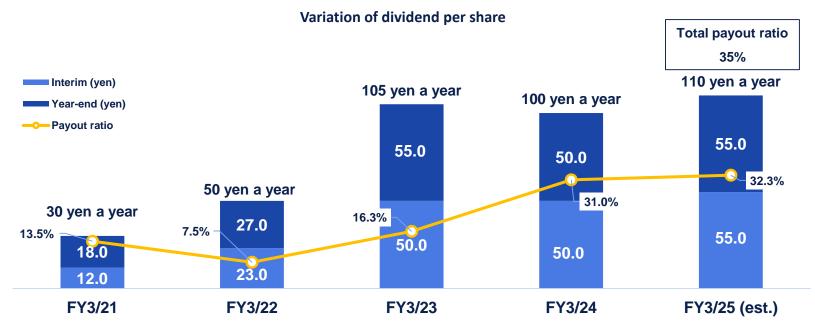
• By implementing the following measures, we will strive to improve ROE and PER, with the aim of improving PBR.



Shareholder Return Policy



- We decided (1) to increase the annual dividend forecast from 100 yen/share to 110 yen/share, and (2) to purchase treasury stocks worth 500 million yen.
- The revised policy for shareholder returns is "to put importance on the increase of shareholder returns, flexibly purchase treasury stocks while aiming to increase the dividend amount through continuous revenue growth, and return profit for achieving a total payout ratio of 30%."





Medium-term Management Plan (announced on May 31, 2024)

Basic Policies of the Medium-term Management Plan



Business growth

- To pursue the growth of businesses related to semiconductors and automobiles, and expand the businesses with significant market shares
- > To strengthen our system in which the factories in Malaysia and Japan will meet the demand for products manufactured outside China, and Chinese factories will satisfy the demand for products manufactured in China

Strengthening of production efficiency and competitiveness

- To proceed with digitalization, automation, etc. in order to increase our manufacturing capacity and improve the production efficiency and competitiveness of our factories
- To continue thoroughgoing quality control under the principle of "Quality is the most important," strengthen our R&D system, and develop new products and technologies

Strengthening of personnel and corporate culture

- To recruit skilled personnel, enrich our training system, and adopt stock-based compensation systems (RSU and PSU), while positioning the emphasis on personnel as an important management strategy
- A company's culture is the foundation for the company. The guidelines for our activities are "to respect clients, employees, diligence, and trust, take action steadily, and pursue innovation," and we will diffuse these guidelines.

Finance/Shareholder return

- We will strive to increase revenues by starting the operation of enlarged factories early and make them contribute to performance.
- We will put importance on the increase of shareholder return and achieve a payout ratio of 20 to 30% (enrichment of shareholder return).

KPIs of the Medium-term Management Plan



(Million yen)	FY3/24 (actual)	FY3/25 (forecast)	FY3/26 (plan)	FY3/27 (plan)	
Net sales	222,430	235,000	300,000	380,000	
Operating income	24,872	26,000	40,000	60,000	
Operating margin	11.2%	9.8%	13.3%	15.8%	
Net income	15,154	16,000	22,000	30,000	
ROE	7.7%			15%	
ROIC [*]	4.4%			8%	
Equity ratio	40%		40%		
Capital investment	75,227	60,000	40,000	40,000	
Annual dividend per share	100.0 yen	While considering financial affairs and inventors of the			

^{*}ROIC = Net income attributable to owners of parent/(Interest-bearing debt + Net asset). Net asset does not include share acquisition rights or non-controlling interests' equity.

Situation of Application for Listing of Chinese Subsidiaries



• The listed subsidiary for the equipment parts cleaning business plans to acquire the shares of the subsidiary for manufacturing power semiconductor substrates.

	Business	Parts cleaning
	Company name	Ferrotec (Anhui) Technology Development Co., Ltd.
Abbreviation		FTSVA
Current investment ratio		50.23%*
Stock market		ChiNext, Shenzhen
Listing advisor		_
Most recent valuation**		394.8 billion yen (Market capitalization on Nov 6)
Percentage of new shares to be issued		_
edule	Listing advisor registration	Listed Aug. 11, 2020
sch	Application	Jun. 28, 2021
Progress and schedule	Passing the screening	December May 6, 2022
	Official approval	30, 20<u>22</u> . 16, 2022
	Date of listing (target)	Dec. 30, 2022
I		

Power semiconductor substrates			
Jiangsu Ferrotec Semiconductor Technology Co., Ltd.			
FLH (formerly, FTSJ)			
55.10%			
STAR Market, Shanghai			
-			
157.6 billion yen			
-			
_			
_			

Quartz crucibl	es and silicon parts	Silicon wafer (equity method	l)
Ningxia Dunyuan Juxin S	Semiconductor Technology Corporation	Hangzhou Semiconductor Wafer Co., Lt	d.
	FTNC	CCMC	
6	0.13%	23.05%	
Main-Bo	ard, Shenzhen	STAR Market, Shanghai	
Orient Securitie	es Investment Banking	_	
113.4	l billion yen	308.9 billion yen	
	25%	Over 10%	
,	Nov. 4, 2021		
_	Jun. 30, 2023	Withdrawal of	
	_	application -	
-	_	on June 30, 2024	
	2025 (target)		

^{*}The investment ratios of FTSVA and FLH may change. The merger of the two companies requires the permission from the China Securities Regulatory Commission, etc., so it is still to be determined.

^{**}The valuation amount was calculated from the stock price estimated at the time of third-party allotment in 2021 or later, except FTSVA. 1 Chinese yuan = 20.46 yen (TTM on Sep. 30, 2024)

Long-term goals are net sales of 500 billion yen and net income of 50 billion yen.



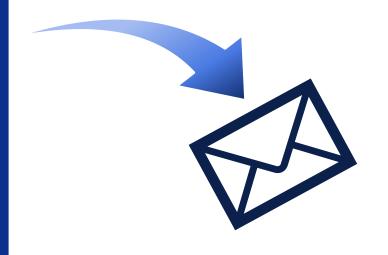
We aim to achieve the long-term goals, while improving cash flows, ROE, and ROIC.

Net sales of 500 billion yen and net income of 50 billion yen in FY2030





Our IR news is posted on the web portal "IRSTREET" in Japanese and English, and delivered by e-mail. Please check the link below.



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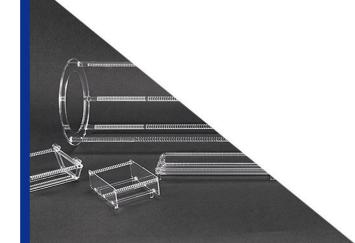
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Our Lineup of Semiconductor and Other Equipment-related Products



Jigs and consumables for semiconductor manufacturing equipment (our mainstay material products)









Quartz

Silicon parts

Ceramics

CVD-SiC

Our strengths: Not only capital investment-linked products (vacuum feedthroughs), but also a lineup of repeat consumables (materials) and services (cleaning and wafer recycling) linked to the production and operation of semiconductor device manufacturers











Businesses at equity-method affiliates





Vacuum feedthroughs

*Semiconductor and FPD production equipment parts

Metal precision machining

*Growth forecast due to increase in future customers (factories) in China

Equipment parts cleaning

*Focus on the Chinese market

Quartz crucibles

*For semiconductors, solar cells, and Photovoltaic

Wafer recycling

*Focus on the Chinese market (New business launched in FY3/22)

Silicon wafers

*Monthly production capacity: 6-inch: 420 thousand, 8-inch: 450 thousand, 12-inch: 250 thousand

SiC wafers

*Development and mass-production (New business launched in FY3/22)

Our Lineup of Electronic Device and Automotive related Products



Thermo-electric modules*



*As temperature adjustment devices, thermoelectric modules are increasingly used in the fields of automobiles, semiconductor manufacturing equipment, communications, medical biotechnology, consumer products, etc.



Chiller

A chiller (constant-temperature water circulation equipment) is equipment for circulating liquid, such as water, while cooling or heating it to keep a predetermined temperature. It is used for keeping the temperature of objects, such as heat sources of facilities and equipment, constant

Insulating substrates for power semiconductors*



*In response to the global trend of power consumption reduction, the demand from clients needing power semiconductors is growing. (DIRECT COPPER BONDING technology for bonding a cooper circuit to an alumina ceramics substrate)

Application of power semiconductors



Ferrofluid



*Used in a wider range of fields, including automobile speakers, high quality sound TV speakers, and smartphone vibration

Temperature sensors (thermistors)*



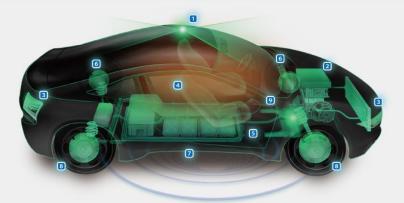
"Thermistors are semiconductor ceramics that change resistance significantly according to temperature changes. They are broadly used as temperature sensors for automotive devices, home appliances, optical communications, etc. The demand for them is growing thanks to the electrification of vehicles and digitalization.

Our Lineup of Automotive related Products (Application)



Automotive related Business

We will introduce thermo-electric modules (Peltier devices), ferrofluids, power semiconductor substrates, etc. based on our core technologies to the automobile market, which is an important target for selling our electronic devices, because applications, such as EVs, PHVs, and autonomous driving systems, will change significantly.



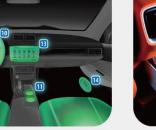


- Laser radar
- Battery cooling
- Caser headlight
- Seat cooling system
- ADAS GPU CPU CMOS GPU cooler
 - CMOS cooler
- Steering wheel heater/cooler
- Cup holder
- Head-up display (HUD)

Applications of ferrofluids

- Engine suspension
- Seat suspension
- Suspension
- Hzero® high-precision DC measurement sensor for SOC monitoring
- Hzero® composite in-wheel motor
- Touch panel
- Speaker







Cooler



- Engine Engine control
- Body Headlight control Room lamp control
- 5 Power train **HEV motor control** Brake control Transmission control Steering control



Cup holder

Notes on Forward-looking Statements and Disclaimer



- The forward-looking statements in this document are based on information available as of the date of publication of this document and assumptions concerning uncertain factors affecting future results.
- Actual results may differ materially from these forecasts due to various factors. Such factors include, but are not limited to, international conditions, economic conditions, product supply and demand trends, raw material prices, market conditions, and exchange rates.
- Quantitative targets and capital investments in these materials represent medium-to long-term strategies and visions, and are not performance forecasts. We undertake no obligation to update any information with respect to these matters.
- For official forecasts, please refer to the disclosure of financial results based on the Tokyo Stock Exchange Regulations.

<Inquiries>

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